

Structure of Educational institution

Structure

1. The word structure | its original meaning refers building constructing or arrangements of the parts.
2. After second world war concept became extremely fashion able.
3. Many sociologist have used to refer to the orderly and patterned relation ship between elements of society.

So society too has its own structure , and components of social structure are statuses , role , groups , institutions.

Social structure

Social structure is one of the basic of sociology. So social structure is the pattern of relationships among the basic components in social system. And these components provide a frame work for all human societies , and the most important components of social structure are statuses, roles , groups , and institutions.

Origins and development of social structure

- 1. Some sociologists believe that social structure is naturally developed, but others believe that structuring is not a result of natural process, but is socially constructed.
- To sociologists, social structure is the pattern of relationships among the basic components in a social system.
- Three components provide the framework for all human societies and the most important components of social structure are statuses, roles, groups, institutions. Social structure can also be divided into micro and macro structure.
- **1. Micro structure.**
- Micro structure is in the pattern of relationship between most basic elements of social life, and it cannot be further divided and have no further structure between individuals and groups.

- Where individual have no further social structure or a pattern of relations between social position and social role.
- **2.Macro structure.**
- Macro structure is thus a kind of second level structure , just like political structure between parties , here macro sociology involved , which emphasized the analysis of social systems and population on a large scale at the level of social structure .
- **What is institution.**
- **An institution is an persistent structure or mechanism of social order governing the behavior of a set of individuals with in a given society. So educational institution is commonly and formally divided in to stages , such as pre, school, primary , secondary and then colleges and universities.**

Education

- Education encompasses both the teaching and learning of knowledge , proper conduct and technical competency , it thus focuses the cultivation of skills, trade , or professions as well as mental and moral development.

- Education is a life long process. Which enables the continuous development of a person capabilities as an individual and as a member of a society.
- **It can take three different kinds or forms of education.**
- **formal Education**
- The structured educational system provided or supported by state.
- **Informal Education**
- Informal learning goes on in daily experiences , such as rom family , friends , peer groups , the media and other influences in a person environment T.
- **Non formal Education.**
- Educational activity which is not structured and take place out side of the formal system . The main differences between formal and non formal education is the fact , that the first is non voluntary and mostly passive , where as the latter results from an individual voluntary action and mostly active .
- So non formal education covers two different realities.

On the one hand education activities taking part outside the formal educational system , and on the other side the experience acquired , while exerting responsibilities in a voluntary organization.

So non formal education is a way of helping societies to be more democratic and to respect human rights.

Educational processes , System and Means.

Education and other institutions are interdependent in a society, change in one brings change in others. The analysis of educational system falls in to two main areas. 1. process. 2. structure.

These are the action parts of the educational system. Process include teaching , learning , communication and decision making as well as those formal and informal activities, that are the dynamic parts of educational system.

Sociologist of education, examine many parts of educational systems interaction, class rooms and peer groups , school organization and national system of education.

Sociologist see education as one of the major institution that constitutes society. The important purposes of educational system is to prepare a young to become a useful member of the society.

Importance of Processes

learning , teaching , socializing , discipling's, selecting , innovating , decision making , changing , these are only a few of the processes which make up the action part of system of education. So education system is a stable and relatively permanent structure , and process are auction part of the system, what is happening.

Specific processes are there in the system.

- 1.Socialization process is there.
- 2.cultural transmission process is there.
3. Social control and social development process is there etc.

Related to individual and related to society.

- So structure refers to the parts of educational system. Roles are there, social classes are there , organizations and institutions are there , different cultures are there and people in the structure act and they bring the structure alive , make it move, and these acts are processes.
- So structure and process can not be separated.
- There would be no processes with out structure, and structure would be meaningless with out process. Processes make the system work and give it life.

Structure of Educational Institution

- **1. Formal Education. 2. Informal Education. 3. Nonformal education.**

Educational processes

- **1. Informal Educational processes.**
- Informal educational processes, forms or modes of learning and teaching are endless in ones life. They continue till the last day of an individual in this world . major function and forms of these processes are the significant others and generalized others .press, radio, television, and other media of communication where from the culture is transmitted to a person.

- **Formal Educational processes**
- Formal educational processes make deliberate organized and conscious efforts to impart knowledge including science both and theory and practice through set methods and techniques by specialized agencies for a pre determined period of time. We find this system prevailing in our schools , colleges and universities.
- **Educational system**
- Educational system also stands for the educational processes. Both formal and informal. Informal aspect is usually based on some ideologies and philosophy of life around which most of the human behavior is focused. This system is to give an individual the typical way of living.

Means of education

- There are numerous means of education. It can be through school , colleges , technical institutions , universities , movies , radio , press ,
- Television , books , magazines , prints and electronic media , and human experiences gained from interpersonal relation ship , while means and processes also differ In public and governmental institutions as they have different aims.

- **The ENDS.**