

CRIMINOLOGY AND SOCIAL DEVIANCE

This course will contribute to student's theoretical development in the field of criminology and deviance. The students will review and critically analyzes the dominant theoretical traditions in the field of criminology. The emphasis, however, is not just on the "classics" but also on the ways in which the classics have contributed to and shaped current work in the field. According, the course will cover original theories with an eye toward their contribution to cutting edge work that is being developed today.

(Part 1 Deviance)

1. Introduction

- 1.1. Definitions
- 1.2. Nature
- 1.3. Relative phenomenon
- 1.4. Difference between deviance and crime

2. Deviance and Types of Deviance

- 2.1. Social stigma
- 2.2. Mental illness

3. Social Factors and Deviance (Optional)

4. Function of Deviance (Optional)

5. Theories of Deviance (Optional)

- 5.1. Biological explanation
- 5.2. Psychological explanation

6. Sociological explanation

- 6.1. Functionalist theories of deviance
- 6.2. Conflict theories of deviance
- 6.3. Symbolic integrationist theories of deviance

7. Controlling Deviance

- 7.1. Deviance in global perspective
- 7.2. Debating social policy
- 7.3. Some Important Case Studies.

(Part 2 Criminology)

1. Introduction

- 1.1. Criminology and its scope
- 1.2. Criminology and its law

2. Related Concepts

- 2.1. Deviancy
- 2.2. Sin
- 2.3. Vice
- 2.4. Crime as a social and cultural phenomenon
- 2.5. Crime and social organization
- 2.6. Crime as a social problem
- 2.7. Crime and social structure

3. Theories and Approaches to Criminal Behavior

- 3.1. Biological and environmental factors
- 3.2. Psychological and psychiatric determinants
- 3.3. Sociological and economic approaches
- 3.4. Islamic point of view

4. Crime and Criminals

- 4.1. The occasional criminals
- 4.2. The habitual criminals
- 4.3. The professional criminals
- 4.4. The white-collar crimes
- 4.5. The organized crimes
- 4.6. Corporate crimes
- 4.7. Custom based deviance and crimes

5. Juvenile delinquency (Optional)

- 5.1. Juvenile delinquency and crime
- 5.2. Delinquency prevention at juvenile level
- 5.3. Juvenile reformatories
- 5.4. Probation
- 5.5. Other preventive measures/ programs with reference to Pakistan

6. Crime Statistics (Optional)

- 6.1. Sources, difficulties and need
- 6.2. National crime statistics and its sociological interpretation
- 6.3. International crime statistics and its sociological interpretation
- 6.4. Problems of reliability and validity

7. Detection of Crimes (Optional)

- 7.1. Agencies of detection formal-informal
- 7.2. Techniques of detection
- 7.3. Problems of detection

8. Trail and conviction of offenders

- 8.1. Agencies: formal/informal criminal court
- 8.2. Types, problems and procedures

9. Punitive and reformatory treatments of criminals

- 9.1. Corporal punishments
- 9.2. Capital punishment
- 9.3. Imprisonment

- 9.4. Prison and related problems
- 9.5. Probation
- 9.6. Parole
- 9.7. Rehabilitation of criminals
- 9.8. Specific study of Islamic laws with special emphases on Haddood, Qisas and Tazir

10. Prevention of Crime

- 10.1. Long term measures
- 10.2. Short term measures

BOOKS RECOMMENDED: -

1. Aulak, An Mafid. Criminal Justice, Martin, Ramdy, 1991. Criminological Thought-Pioneers, Past and Present. Macmillan and Co.
2. Jupp. Victor (1989), Methods of Criminological Research, London, Macmillan and Co.
3. Hagon, John Modern (1987), Criminology , New York, McGraw Hill.
4. Resen Berg M.M.: An Introduction to Sociology, Methven, New York, 1983.
5. Curra, John, Understanding Social Deviance: From the Near Side to the outer limits, NewYork, Harper Collins, 1994.